Directions: For problems 1 - 6, find all solutions on the interval $0 \le x < 2\pi$.

1.
$$\sin(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$
 2. $\cos(x) = \frac{1}{2}$ 3. $\cos(x) = 0$

4.
$$\tan x = -1$$
 5. $\sin x = -\frac{1}{2}$ 6. $\tan x = \sqrt{3}$

Directions: For problems 7 - 12, find all solutions that satisfy the given equations.

7.
$$\sin x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$
 8. $\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ 9. $\tan x = 1$

10.
$$\sin x = -1$$
 11. $\cos x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ 12. $\tan x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

Directions: For problems 13 – 14, find all solutions on the interval $0 \le x < 2\pi$.

13.
$$2\cos(x) + 3 = 2$$
 14. $-4\sin x = 2\sqrt{3}$

15. Let $f(x) = 5 - 3\cos x$ and g(x) = 5. In the *xy*-plane, what are the *x*-coordinates of the points of intersection of the graph of f and g for $0 \le x < 2\pi$?

16. Let $f(x) = 6 + 4 \sin x$ and g(x) = 4. In the xy-plane, what are the x-coordinates of the points of intersection of the graph of f and g for $0 \le x < 2\pi$?

17. Let $f(x) = 3 + \sqrt{3} \tan x$ and g(x) = 4. In the *xy*-plane, what are the *x*-coordinates of the points of intersection of the graph of *f* and *g* for $0 \le x < 2\pi$?

18. The function g is given by $g(x) = 2 - 4\cos^2 x$. What are the zeros of g on the interval $0 \le x < 2\pi$?

19. The function h is given by $h(x) = 2\sin^2 x + \sin x$. What are the zeros of h on the interval $0 \le x < 2\pi$?

20. What are all values of θ , for $0 \le \theta < 2\pi$, where $\cos^2 \theta = \cos \theta + 2$?

21. Let $f(x) = 2\sin^2 x$ and $g(x) = -\sqrt{2}\sin x$. In the *xy*-plane, what are the *x*-coordinates of the points of intersection of the graph of f and g for $0 \le x < 2\pi$?

22. Let $f(x) = 4\cos^3 x$ and $g(x) = 3\cos x$. In the *xy*-plane, what are the *x*-coordinates of the points of intersection of the graph of *f* and *g* for $0 \le x < 2\pi$?

23. Let $f(x) = \tan^2 x$ and $g(x) = -\tan x$. In the *xy*-plane, what are the *x*-coordinates of the points of intersection of the graph of *f* and *g* for $0 \le x < 2\pi$?